





### Personal, Social, Health Education Policy

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#### Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced, and meets the needs of all learners. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental, and physical development of learners at the school and of society, and
- Prepares learners at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities, and experiences of later life.

This policy meets the requirements that schools publish a Relationships and Sex Education policy and does so within the wider context of Personal, Social and Health Education.

#### **PSHE**

At Highgate Hill House School, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity. We also take a whole-school approach to underpin learners' development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

The Jigsaw Programme offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area. The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects evaluated under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's safeguarding and equality duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our learners.

#### Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools." **DfE Guidance p.8** 

"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal, and social lives in a positive way."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society." **Secretary of State Foreword DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5** 

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons." **DfE Guidance p.8** 

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE." **DfE Guidance p.11** 

Here, at Highgate Hill House School we value PSHE as one way to support learner's development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to learner's needs. The mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education, in the appendix, shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements. The mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and statutory RSE and Health Education', shows exactly how Jigsaw and, therefore, our school, meets the statutory RSE and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up to date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance) https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a
  whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline) <u>Respectful School</u>
  Communities Self-Review and Signposting Tool (educateagainsthate.com)
- Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils) <u>Behaviour in schools - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- Equality Act 2010 and schools <u>Equality Act 2010</u>: <u>advice for schools GOV.UK</u> (www.gov.uk)
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance) <u>SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance) <u>Alternative provision GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools) <u>Mental health and behaviour in schools GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- Social, emotional, and mental wellbeing in primary and secondary education. (NICE guidance) Overview | Social, emotional, and mental wellbeing in primary and secondary education | Guidance | NICE
- Promoting and supporting mental health and wellbeing in schools and colleges (guidance for schools and colleges) <u>Promoting and supporting mental health and wellbeing in schools and colleges - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
   Preventing bullying GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts) <u>Advice and guidance |</u> <u>Equality and Human Rights Commission (equalityhumanrights.com)</u>
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) <u>Promoting fundamental British values through</u> <u>SMSC - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>

• SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social, and cultural development).

Regulating independent schools - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE. <u>pshe-association-programme-of-study-2020-map.pdf</u>

## What Do We Teach When and Who Teaches It? Whole-School Approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units), and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content	
Autumn 1	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school, and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.	
Autumn 2	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding.	
Spring 1	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society.	
Spring 2	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem, and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest, and exercise.	
Summer 1	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement, and loss.	
Summer 2	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change.	

At Highgate Hill House School we allocate 90 minutes to explicit PSHE sessions each week to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way, if this is appropriate for the individual learner.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways:

- Assemblies.
- Praise and reward system.
- School values.
- Relationships in school child to child; adult to child; adult to adult.

We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community. Class teachers deliver the weekly lessons to their own classes.

#### Primary and Secondary Curricula

Below are the 'expected' sections for learners leaving primary and then secondary schools. At Highgate Hill House we teach a bespoke curriculum to the needs of each learner. We will endeavour to achieve these goals, but it may simply not be appropriate to do so due to their level of need or emotional understanding.

#### **Primary Age**

#### **Relationships Education**

## What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect learners to know by the time they leave primary school?

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'families and people who care for me', 'caring friendships', 'respectful relationships', 'online relationships', and 'being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g., the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps learners appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the learner involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

#### **Health Education**

## What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect learners to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'mental wellbeing', 'internet safety and harms', physical health and fitness', healthy eating', 'drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'health and prevention', 'basic first aid', 'changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g., emotional, and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the connect us activity and respect is enhanced using the Jigsaw Charter.

Teaching learners about puberty is a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit).

Again, the mapping document transparently shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

**The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.23)** recommends that all primary schools 'have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the learners', something that we are very aware of at Highgate Hill House School.

However, 'Sex Education is not compulsory in primary schools.' (p. 23)

Schools are to determine the content of sex education at primary school. Sex education 'should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and – drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born'.

At Highgate Hill House School, we will endeavour to help learners understand the facts about human reproduction before they leave our school. We define Sex Education as understanding human reproduction.

We intend to teach this as part of our PSHE and RSE curriculum. Therefore, parents of learners do have the right to withdraw their child from these lessons.

#### Parent's Right to Request their Child be Excused from Relationship and Sex Education

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education" **DfE Guidance p.17.** 

At Highgate Hill House School, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw PSHE Programme in the 'changing me' puzzle (unit). We conclude that sex education refers to human reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e., the Jigsaw changing me puzzle (unit) e.g.

- Year 4, Lesson 2 (having a baby)
- Year 5, Lesson 4 (conception)
- Year 6, Lesson 3 (conception, birth)

The school will inform parents of this right by consent letter at the start of the Autumn term, or on starting if part way through the year. There will be chance to meet, within the first two weeks of the Autumn Term, either in a 'Face to Face' meeting or via Teams to allow further discussion and understanding of the curriculum. If parents wish to discuss the curriculum content at a later date, they can do so by contacting the senior leadership team.

#### Secondary Age Health Education

"It is important that the starting point for health and wellbeing education should be a focus on enabling pupils to make well-informed, positive choices for themselves." **DfE Guidance page 35.** 

## What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect young people to know by the time they leave secondary school?

Health Education in secondary schools will cover 'mental wellbeing', 'internet safety and harms', physical health and fitness', healthy eating', 'drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'health and prevention', 'basic first aid', 'changing adolescent body'. The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The Jigsaw Programme covers these as explained in the mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and Statutory RSE and Health Education'.

It is important to explain that whilst the healthy me puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw, e.g., emotional, and mental health is nurtured every lesson through mindfulness practice and respect is enhanced using the Jigsaw Charter.

Again, the mapping document shows transparently how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

#### Monitoring and Review

Parents and learners are encouraged to give feedback about the PSHE and RSE programme and we will use this to inform our monitoring and review processes. The school advisory panel and senior leadership team will scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

## Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan

**The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15)** states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their learners about LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all learners to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At Highgate Hill House School we promote respect for all and value every individual child. We also respect the right of our learners, their families, and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of Relationships, Health, and Sex Education.

For further explanation as to how we approach LGBT relationships in the PSHE (RSHE) Programme please see 'including and valuing all learners. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?'

Jigsaw PSHE supplementary documents that support this policy:

- Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education (mapping document).
- Including and valuing all learners what does Jigsaw teach about LGBT+ relationships (Parent RSHE guide for parents).
- Snapshot puzzle for 11-16 years.

The content overview for primary and secondary ages are below, full information is available on request.

#### Jigsaw PSHE 3 -11/12 Content Overview



Age Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Ages 3-5 (F1-F2)	Self-identity Understanding feelings Being in a classroom Being gentie Rights and responsibilities	Identifying talents Being special Families Where we live Making friends Standing up for yourself	Challenges Perseverance Goal-setting Overcoming obstacles Seeking help Jobs Achieving goals	Exercising bodies Physical activity Healthy food Sleep Keeping clean Safety	Family life Friendships Breaking friendships Falling out Dealing with bullying Being a good friend	Bodies Respecting my body Growing up Growth and change Fun and fears Celebrations
Ages 5-6	Feeling special and safe Being part of a class Rights and responsibilities Rewards and feeling proud Consequences Owning the Learning Charter	Similarities and differences Understanding bullying and knowing how to deal with it Making new friends Celebrating the differences in everyone	Setting goals Identifying successes and achievements Learning styles Working well and celebrating achievement with a partner Tackling new challenges Identifying and overcoming obstacles Feelings of success	Keeping myself healthy Healthier lifestyle choices Keeping clean Being safe Medicine safety/safety with household items Road safety Linking health and happiness	Belonging to a family Making friends/being a good friend Physical contact preferences People who help us Qualities as a friend and person Self-acknowledgement Being a good friend to myself Celebrating special relationships	Life cycles – animal and human Changes in me Changes since being a baby Differences between female and male bodies (correct terminology) Linking growing and learning Coping with change Transition

Ages 6-7	Hopes and fears for the year Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Safe and fair learning environment Valuing contributions Choices Recognising feelings	Assumptions and stereotypes about gender Understanding bullying Standing up for self and others Making new friends Gender diversity Celebrating difference and remaining friends	Achieving realistic goals Perseverance Learning strengths Learning with others Group co-operation Contributing to and sharing success	Motivation Healthier choices Relaxation Healthy eating and nutrition Healthier snacks and sharing food	Different types of family Physical contact boundaries Friendship and conflict Secrets Trust and appreciation Expressing appreciation for special relationships	Life cycles in nature Growing from young to old Increasing independence Differences in female and male bodies (correct terminology) Assertiveness Preparing for transition
Ages 7-8	Setting personal goals Self-identity and worth Positivity in challenges Rules, rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Responsible choices Seeing things from others' perspectives	Families and their differences Family conflict and how to manage it (child-centred) Witnessing bullying and how to solve it Recognising how words can be hurtful Giving and receiving compliments	Difficult challenges and achieving success Dreams and ambitions New challenges Motivation and enthusiasm Recognising and trying to overcome obstacles Evaluating learning processes Managing feelings Simple budgeting	Exercise Fitness challenges Food labelling and healthy swaps Attitudes towards drugs Keeping safe and why it's important online and off line scenarios Respect for myself and others Healthy and safe choices	Family roles and responsibilities Friendship and negotiation Keeping safe online and who to go to for help Being a global citizen Being aware of how my choices affect others Awareness of how other children have different lives Expressing appreciation for family and friends	How babies grow Understanding a baby's needs Outside body changes Inside body changes Family stereotypes Challenging my ideas Preparing for transition

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Age Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Ages 8-9	Being part of a class team Being a school citizen Rights, responsibilities and democracy (school council) Rewards and consequences Group decision-making Having a voice What motivates behaviour	Challenging assumptions Judging by appearance Accepting self and others Understanding influences Understanding bullying Problem-solving Identifying how special and unique everyone is First impressions	Hopes and dreams Overcoming disappointment Creating new, realistic dreams Achieving goals Working in a group Celebrating contributions Resilience Positive attitudes	Healthier friendships Group dynamics Smoking Alcohol Assertiveness Peer pressure Celebrating inner strength	Jealousy Love and loss Memories of loved ones Getting on and Falling Out Girlfriends and boyfriends Showing appreciation to people and animals	Being unique Having a baby Girls and puberty Confidence in change Accepting change Preparing for transition Environmental change
Ages 9-10	Planning the forthcoming year Being a citizen Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences How behaviour affects groups Democracy, having a voice, participating	Cultural differences and how they can cause conflict Racism Rumours and name-calling Types of bullying Material wealth and happiness Enjoying and respecting other cultures	Future dreams The importance of money Jobs and careers Dream job and how to get there Goals in different cultures Supporting others (charity) Motivation	Smoking, including vaping Alcohol Alcohol and anti-social behaviour Emergency aid Body image Relationships with food Healthy choices Motivation and behaviour	Self-recognition and self-worth Building self-esteem Safer online communities Rights and responsibilities online Online gaming and gambling Reducing screen time Dangers of online grooming SMARRT internet safety rules	Self- and body image Influence of online and media on body image Puberty for girls Puberty for boys Conception (including IVF) Growing responsibility Coping with change Preparing for transition

Ages 10-11	Identifying goals for the year Global citizenship Children's universal rights Feeling welcome and valued Choices, consequences and rewards Group dynamics Democracy, having a voice Anti-social behaviour Role-modelling	Perceptions of normality Understanding disability Power struggles Understanding bullying Inclusion/exclusion Differences as conflict, difference as celebration Empathy	Personal learning goals, in and out of school Success criteria Emotions in success Making a difference in the world Motivation Recognising achievements Compliments	Taking personal responsibility How substances affect the body Exploitation, including 'county lines' and gang culture Emotional and mental health Managing stress	Mental health Identifying mental health worries and sources of support Love and loss Managing feelings Power and control Assertiveness Technology safety Take responsibility with technology use	Self-image Body image Puberty and feelings Conception to birth Reflections about change Physical attraction Respect and consent Boyfriends/girlfriends Sexting Transition
Ages 11-12 (Scotland)	Personal identity What influences personal identity Identify personal strengths How do others see me? Group identity My growing sense of personal identity and independence Online and global identity Expectations	Assertiveness Prejudice and discrimination My values and those of others Challenging stereotypes Discrimination in school How prejudice and discrimination fuels bullying Being inclusive	What are my dreams and goals? Steps to success Coping when things don't go to plan Rewarding my dreams Intrinsic and extrinsic motivation Keeping my dreams alive How dreams and goals change in response to life	Healthy choices about my emotional health Managing stress Manging my choices around substances Managing my nutritional choices Medicines and immunisation Healthy choices about physical activity and rest/sleep	My changing web of friendships Support I need now and in the future Developing positive relationships What external factors affect relationships, e.g. media influences? Assertiveness in relationships The changing role of families	My changing body and feelings What is self-image? Coping during times of change My changing ways of thinking Managing my changes in mood Moving forwards into my next year of education



#### Appendix 1

#### Relationships Education in Primary Schools – DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other learners and with adults. The references R3/H5 etc can be cross-referenced on the Jigsaw mapping documents and Puzzle Maps to show which lessons throughout Jigsaw contribute to which statutory outcomes. All statutory outcomes are covered in the Jigsaw 3-11 Programme. The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

Topics	Learners Should Know	How Jigsaw Provides the Solution
Families and People Who Care for Me	<ul> <li>R1 that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security, and stability.</li> <li>R2 the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.</li> <li>R3 that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other learner's families are also characterised by love and care.</li> <li>R4 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.</li> <li>R5 that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious).</li> <li>R6 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lesson within the puzzles:  Relationships Changing Me Celebrating Difference Being Me in My World

Respectful Relationships	<ul> <li>R10 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.</li> <li>R11 how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help and advice from others, if needed.</li> <li>R12 the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.</li> <li>R13 practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.</li> <li>R14 the conventions of courtesy and manners.</li> <li>R15 the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.</li> <li>R16 that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.</li> <li>R17 about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help.</li> <li>R18 what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative, or destructive.</li> <li>R19 the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers, and adults.</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzles:  • Being Me in My World  • Celebrating Difference  • Dreams and Goals  • Healthy Me  • Relationships  • Changing Me
Online Relationships	<ul> <li>R20 that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.</li> <li>R21 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.</li> <li>R22 the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content, and contact, and how to report them.</li> <li>R23 how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.</li> <li>R24 how information and data is shared and used online.</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzles:  Relationships Changing Me Celebrating Difference
Being Safe	<ul> <li>R25 what boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context).</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzles: • Relationships

•	R26 about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and
	adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.

- R27 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
- R28 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.
- R29 how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
- R30 how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard.
- R31 how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.
- R32 where to get advice e.g., family, school and/or other sources.

- Changing Me
- Celebrating Difference

#### Physical Health and Mental Well-Being Education in Primary Schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. By the end of primary school:

Topics	Learners Should Know	How Jigsaw Provides the Solution
Mental Wellbeing	<ul> <li>H1 that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.</li> <li>H2 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g., happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.</li> <li>H3 how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.</li> <li>H4 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.</li> <li>H5 the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness.</li> <li>H6 simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.</li> <li>H7 isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.</li> <li>H8 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being.</li> <li>H9 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).</li> <li>H10 it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.</li> </ul>	
Internet Safety and Harms		All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzles:  Relationships Healthy Me

	<ul> <li>H13 how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and knowhow to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.</li> <li>H14 why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.</li> <li>H15 that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.</li> <li>H16 how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected, and targeted.</li> <li>H17 where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.</li> </ul>	
Physical Health and Fitness		All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzle:  • Healthy Me
Healthy Eating	<ul> <li>H22 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).</li> <li>H23 the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.</li> <li>H24 the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g., the impact of alcohol on diet or health).</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzle:  • Healthy Me
Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco		All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzle:  • Healthy Me
Health and Prevention	<ul> <li>H26 how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.</li> <li>H27 about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.</li> <li>H28 the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood, and ability to learn.</li> <li>H29 about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzle:  • Healthy Me

Basic First Aid	<ul> <li>H30 about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing.</li> <li>H31 the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.</li> <li>H32 how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.</li> <li>H33 concepts of basic first aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzle:  • Healthy Me
Changing Adolescent Body	<ul> <li>H34 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.</li> <li>H35 about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.</li> </ul>	All these aspects are covered in lessons within the puzzles:  • Changing Me  • Healthy Me



# **Snapshot Jigsaw PSHE 11-16**

Shows the summary of subject content in each Puzzle (unit)

(updated Sep 2021)

Year/ age	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Year 7 (11-12)	Unique me, differences & conflict, my influences, gateway emotions, belonging to a group, peer pressure, peer on peer abuse, online safety, sexting, consequences, online legislation	Bullying, prejudice & discrimination (positive and negative), Equality Act, bystanders, stereotyping, challenging influences, negative behaviour and attitudes, assertiveness	Celebrating success, identifying goals, employment, learning from mistakes, overcoming challenges, planning skills, safe & unsafe choices, substances, gangs, knives, exploitation, emergency first aid	Stress and anxiety, managing mental health, physical activity and mental health, effects of substances, legal consequences, nutrition, sleep, vaccination and immunisation, importance of information on making health choices	Characteristics of healthy relationships, consent, relationships and change, emotions within friendships, peer on peer abuse, rights and responsibilities, being discerning, assertiveness, sexting	Puberty changes, Reproduction facts, FGM, breast flattening/ironing, responsibilities of parenthood, IVF, types of committed relationships, media and self-esteem, self-image, brain changes in puberty, factors affecting moods, sources of help and support

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Self-identity, influences, family and identity, stereotypes, personal beliefs and judgements, managing expectations, first impressions, respect for the beliefs of others Marriage Protected characteristics Active listening

Positive change made by others. how positive behaviour affects feelings of wellbeing, social injustice, inequality, community cohesion and support, multiculturalism. diversity, race and religion. stereotypes, prejudice, LGBT+ bullying, peer on peer abuse hate crime, fear & emotions Stand up to bullying, the golden rule Organ and blood donation

Long-term goals, skills. qualifications, careers, money and happiness, ethics and mental wellbeing, budgeting, variation in income, positive and negative impact of money, online safety and legal responsibilities, gambling issues

Long-term physical health. responsibility for own health. dental health. stress triggers and help tips, substances and mood, legislation associated with substances. exploitation and substances. county lines, medicine, vaccinations, immunisation

Positive relationship with self, social media and relationship with self. negative self-talk, managing a range of relationships, peer on peer abuse, personal space, online etiquette, online privacy, bullying and personal safety, social media issues and the law, coercion. unhealthy balance of power in relationships. sources of support

Types of close intimate relationships, physical attraction. love, legal status of relationships, behaviours in healthy and unhealthy romantic relationships. pornography, sexuality, alcohol and risky behaviour Year 9 (13-14)

Perceptions about intimate relationships, consent, sexual exploitation, peer approval, peer on peer abuse. grooming, radicalization, county lines, risky experimentation. positive and negative selfidentity, groups, influences, social media, abuse and coercion, coercive control

Protected characteristics. Equality Act, phobic and racist language, legal consequences of bullying and hate crime, sexism, ageism, positive and negative language, banter, peer on peer abuse, bullying in the workplace. direct and indirect discrimination, harassment, victimisation. Prejudice, discrimination and stereotyping

Personal strengths, health goals, SMART planning, the world of work. links between body image and mental health. non-financial dreams and goals, mental health and ill health, media manipulation. self-harm, selfesteem, stigma, anxiety disorders. eating disorders, depression

Misperceptions about young peoples' health choices, physical and psychological effects of drugs and alcohol. alcohol and the law, alcohol and drug poisoning, addiction, smoking, vaping, drug classification, supply and possession legislation, emergency situations. first aid. CPR. substances and safety, sources of advice and support Healthy relationships. Power and control in intimate relationships. risk in intimate relationships. importance of sexual consent. assertiveness skills, sex and the law, pornography and stereotypes, contraception choices, age of consent, family planning, consequences of unprotected sex, STIs, support and advice services

Mental health stigma, triggers, support strategies, managing emotional changes, resilience and how to improve it. reflection on importance of sleep in relation to mental health. reflection on changes, benefits of relaxation

	societal freedom,
	understanding
	safety in UK and
	-
	beyond, ending
	relationships
	safely, stages of
	grief, loss and
	bereavement,
<u> </u>	peer on peer
(14-15)	abuse, social
4	media and
- <del>5</del>	
_	culture, use of
0	online data,
10	threats to online
rear	safety, online
Ō	identity,
~	assessing and
	managing risk,
	the law and
	social media
	Risk and
	emergency
	contacts
	Positive and

Human rights,

negative relationships Equality including in the workplace, in society, in relationships Equality Act 2010 Vulnerable groups including disability and hidden disability Workplace expectations Rights and responsibilities Power and control in relationships. coercive control Benefits of multicultural societies Equity, equality and inequality My health

Impact of physical health in reaching goals, relationships and reaching goals, resilience. work/life balance. connections and impact on mental health, balanced diet, vital organs, blood donation, benefits of helping others, online profile and impact on future goals and employability

Improving health, mental health. sexual health. blood-borne infections. self-examination. diet and long-term health, misuse of prescription drugs, substances and the body, common mental health disorders, positive impact of volunteering, common threats to health including chronic disease, epidemics, misuse of antibiotics Organ donation Stem cells

Sustaining long-term relationships. intimacy, healthy relationship with self Attraction. love, lust Relationship choices, ending relationships safely, consequences of relationships ending e.g. bullying, peer on peer abuse, revenge porn, grief-cycle, Impact on family understanding love, fake news Pornography

Impact of societal change on young people, role of media on societal change, reflection on change so far and how to manage it successfully. decision making. sexual identity gender, spectrum of sexuality, stereotypes in romantic relationships, sexual identity and risk. physical and emotional changes, family change, sources of support

Year 11 (15-16)	Becoming an adult. Age limits and the law Relationships and the law, consent, coercive control, peer on peer abuse, domestic abuse, honourbased, violence, arranged and forced marriages The Equality Act 2010 The law on internet use and pornography Social media concerns, sexting Keeping safe, emergency situations, key advice, first aid, scenarios and consequences	Anxiety, solution focused thinking, sleep, relaxation, Aspiration on; career, finances, budgeting, borrowing, relationships, Skills identification, realistic goals, gambling, financial pressure, debt, dream jobs, skill set, employment, education and training options, long-term relationship dreams and goals, parenting skills and challenges, resilience, what to do when things go wrong	Managing anxiety and stress, exam pressure, concentration strategies, work-life balance, sexual health, hygiene, self- examination, STIs, sexual pressure, fertility issues, contraception, consent, pregnancy facts and myths, pregnancy choices including adoption, abortion, bringing up a baby, financial implications, identifying a range of risks including rape and strategies for staying safe Expectations in relationships	Stages of intimate relationships, positive and negative connotations of sex, spectrum of gender and sexuality, LGBT+ rights and protection under the Equality Act, "coming out" challenges, LGBT+ media stereotypes, peer on peer abuse, power, control and sexual experimentation, forced marriage, honour-based violence, FGM and other abuses, hate crime, sources of support	